# Grade 2- Comprehension

Benchmark- Students will be able to utilize comprehension strategies and skills to demonstrate literal and inferential understanding when asking and answering questions about narrative and informational text.

### **Comprehending Narrative Text (Fiction)**

- Identify or describe literary elements of text including character, plot (specific events, problem and solution), and setting.
- Identify and understand character, plot, setting, problem and solution
- Make and confirm predictions based on information in the story
- Make basic inferences about the story problem(s) and outcome(s)
- Sequence a series of events in a story
- Distinguish main idea/details; fact/opinion; cause/effect.
- Distinguish the differences among a variety of types of text (genre) poetry, plays, realistic fiction, fairy tales, fables, or fantasy.

## > Comprehending Informational Text (Non-fiction)

- Locate specific information by using organizational features: title, table of contents, chapter headings, captions, bold print, glossary, index, in informational text
- Use and locate specific information from graphic features: charts, maps, diagrams, illustrations, tables, timelines of informational text to aid understanding
- Identify the main idea
- Make basic inferences or draw conclusions
- Make inferences about cause or effects when signal words are present (then, next, finally)

### > Comprehension Monitoring

- Reread for understanding
- Interact with narrative and informational text to clarify and extend meaning by using comprehension strategies: rereading, use of context, use of illustrations, questioning, visualizing
- Self correct using a variety of reading strategies

#### > Making Connections

- Connect events, characters, actions, and themes to specific life experiences- self-to-text
- Make comparisons across reading selection- text-to-text
- Use prior knowledge to clarify meaning- self-to-world

# Grade 2- Fluency

Benchmark- Students will be able to read grade level text accurately with appropriate phrasing, pacing, and expression.

- Read grade level text in a manner that makes meaning clear, demonstrates phrasing and expression, with attention to punctuation (Periods, exclamation marks, question marks, commas, quotation marks).
  - Accuracy

Consistently read grade level text with at least 95% accuracy

Rate

Read grade level text with oral fluency rate of at least 75-105 words per minute (WPM)

## Grade 2- Phonemic Awareness

**Benchmark-** Students will be able to orally blend and segment the phonemes in multi-syllable words by isolating each syllable and tapping each phoneme in the syllable.

> Segment a spoken word into its phonemes with up to six sounds including blends, digraphs and glued sounds

Ex.  $swept = \frac{s}{w}/\frac{e}{p}/t$ ,  $branch = \frac{b}{r}/an/ch$ 

> Segment a multi-syllable word into its syllables

 $Ex. \ athlete = ath + lete$ 

> Blend spoken syllables into a word

Ex. do + nate = donate

> Segment each syllable of a multi-syllable word into its phonemes

Ex.  $magnet = \frac{m}{a}/\frac{g}{+ \frac{n}{e}/t}$ 

> Blend isolated phonemes to form two syllable words

Ex. /l//o/ + /k//a//t/ = locate, /c//ar/ + /p//e//t/ = carpet

> Segment spoken phonemes in two syllable words

 $Ex. tiger = \frac{t}{i} \frac{g}{er}$ 

## Grade 2- Phonics/Word Study

**Benchmark-** Students will be able to read and spell phonetically regular one, two, and three syllable words with all six syllable types.

- > Read and spell words with blends, digraphs, and glued sounds in words that have up to six sounds Ex. quilt, string, chunk
- > Read and spell phonetically regular words with all six syllable types

Ex. closed syllable – shut double vowel - stain open syllable – pro consonant –le - tumble r-controlled – sharp vowel-consonant-e - stove

- > Read and spell words with unexpected vowel sounds: old, ild, ind, ost, olt, ive Ex. mild, jolt, give
- > Read and spell words with suffixes: s, es, ed, ing, er, est, ish, able, ive, y, ly, ty, ful, ment, less, ness Ex. careful, kindness, active
- Read and spell phonetically regular one, two, and three syllable words Ex. fantastic, disruptive
- > Read and spell 96 high frequency word wall words

# Grade 2- Vocabulary

Benchmark- Students will be able to acquire and use new vocabulary in reading and responding to grade level contexts.

- > Identify simple prefixes and suffixes to determine the meaning of words
- > Identify base words and their inflectional forms (ex. look, looks, looked, looking)
- > Identify and correctly use synonyms and antonyms
- > Identify and create a classification by category for a given group of words
- > Identify the relevant meaning of words with multiple meanings by using context clues
- > Determine the meaning of unknown compound words by using knowledge of individual words
- > Identify and use words that comprise contractions
- > Determine the meaning of unknown words by using a beginning dictionary
- > Begin to identify words appealing to the senses in literature and spoken language